



# UK drought: why we need DT wheat!

**WGIN Stakeholders Meeting** 

Clare Lister and Simon Griffiths 30/11/2017







# UK drought: why we need DT wheat!

#### **WGIN Stakeholders Meeting**

Clare Lister and Simon Griffiths 30/11/2017

Cathy Mumford and the Experimental Trials Team Simon Orford, Rajani Awal, Axel Lucmort Andrew Riche and RothRes Drone Team





# UK Drought Tolerance in Paragon x Garcia



- Drought Trial being repeated 2016-2017
- Location: Riverside Field, Church Farm, Bawburgh
- Field with lighter sandy soil and gentler slope
- WHAT I NEED NOW IS A DROUGHT!
- ...... but maybe just over my field you're probably thinking!







Be careful what you wish for...





# (It's all about) Yield Stability...

#### WGIN phase 3

"Improving the resilience of the wheat crop through genetics and targeted traits analysis"

- Wheat growing conditions are subject to escalating climate volatility
- Acceptably high yield levels, with consistency between locations and years is an increasingly important target.
- It is easy to be stable and low!



 Is improved drought-tolerance one route to increased stability for UK wheat?







# ... and why we need DT wheat

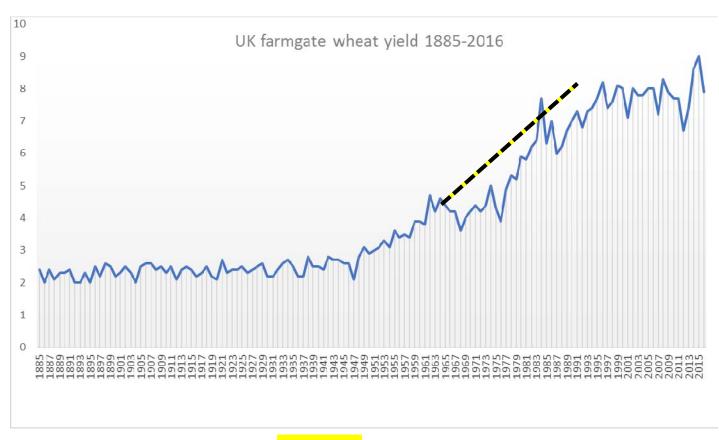
- Wheat is susceptible to drought at the start of stem extension (Stage 31) when grain number is being determined.
- In the last seven years drought in E. Anglia has occurred five times during April, which coincides with this vulnerable period.
- We have been looking for drought-tolerant (DT) characteristics in RILs generated from a cross between Paragon (UK spring wheat) and Garcia (bred for drought conditions in S. Europe).







### **Grain Number**



Increase in yield over this period not due to changes in grain size (= increased TGWT), but to changes in grain number.

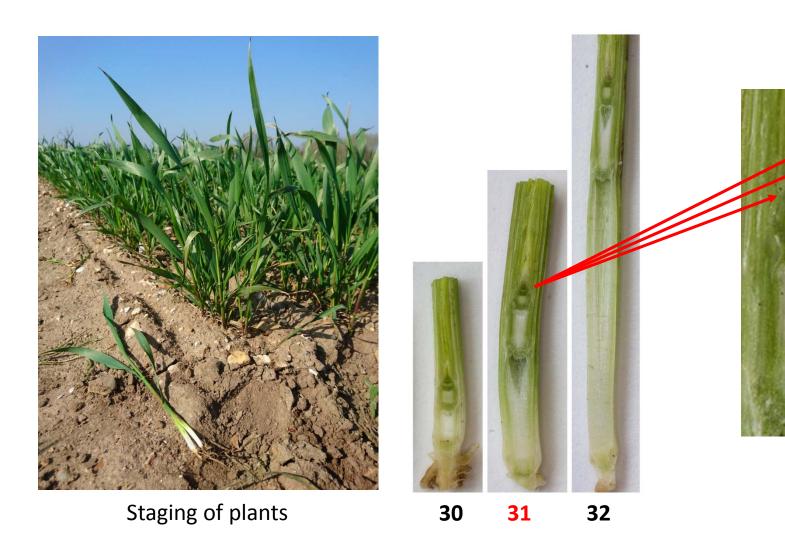






31

## **Grain Number**



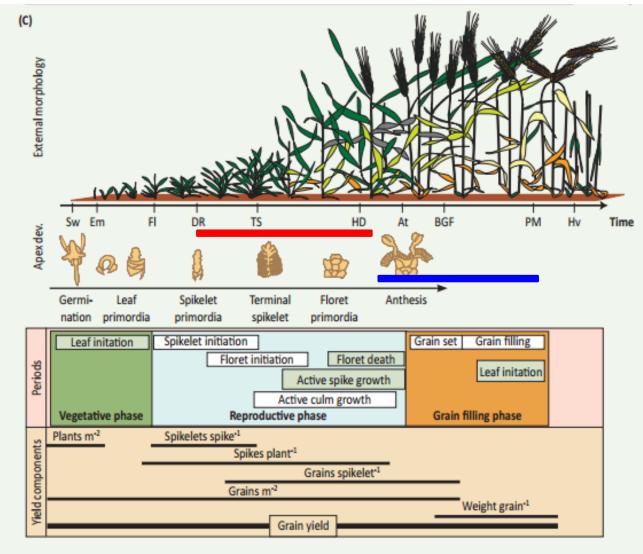


Grain number determined at the time of stem extension









Drought affects:
Grain number
up to anthesis
Grain size
post anthesis







### **Grain Number**

# **Eastern Daily Press**

# Dry spring and late frosts take their toll on East Anglia's farm crops

Chris Hill chris.hill@archant.co.uk @ChrisHill75 PUBLISHED: 18:23 28 April 2017 | UPDATED: 18:23 28 April 2017

Quote from **Andrew Francis**, Farm Manager at the Elveden Estate, near Thetford

"If a plant is under drought stress it knows it cannot support all these grains, so it will produce less [grains]. It is not massive but it could knock 5pc of the yield off and then if it cannot build a green canopy it cannot intercept enough light to fill the grains and the grains will come out small."







### **Grain Number**

# **Eastern Daily Press**

# Dry spring and late frosts take their toll on East Anglia's farm crops

Chris Hill chris.hill@archant.co.uk @ChrisHill75 PUBLISHED: 18:23 28 April 2017 | UPDATED: 18:23 28 April 2017

Quote from **Andrew Francis**, Farm Manager at the Elveden Estate, near Thetford

"If a plant is under drought stress it knows it cannot support all these grains, so it will produce less [grains]. It is not massive but it could knock 5pc of the yield off and then if it cannot build a green canopy it cannot intercept enough light to fill the grains and the grains will come out small."







# **April Drought**

# **Eastern Daily Press**

# Dry spring and late frosts take their toll on East Anglia's farm crops

Chris Hill chris.hill@archant.co.uk @ChrisHill75 |

PUBLISHED: 18:23 28 April 2017 | UPDATED: 18:23 28 April 2017

Quote from Phil Garnham, Weatherquest

"A lot of our customers have had crops failing because there is not been the persistence of rainfall that you would expect."

"After a dry winter we had a relatively wet January...

But in February we had half the average rainfall and in March it was 40pc. And in April, so far this month it has been 18mm of rain against an average of 44mm."







# April Drought (and cold!)

# theguardian

Farmers fear for their crops after the driest April on record

Helen Pidd North of England editor

Tuesday 9 May 2017 16.55 BST

"The other unusual thing about April was that the dry conditions were not accompanied by significant temperature increases, with the UK mean temperature just 0.6°C higher than average for the month."



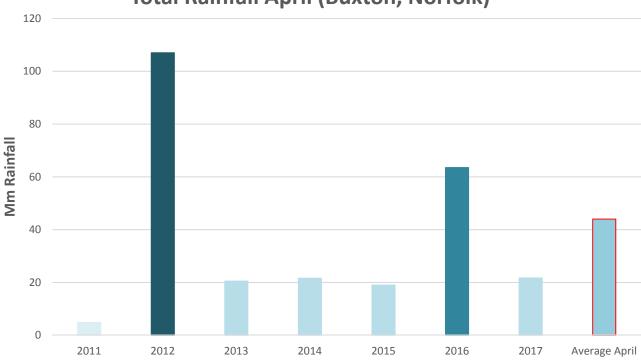
Even more resilience required?





# **April Drought**





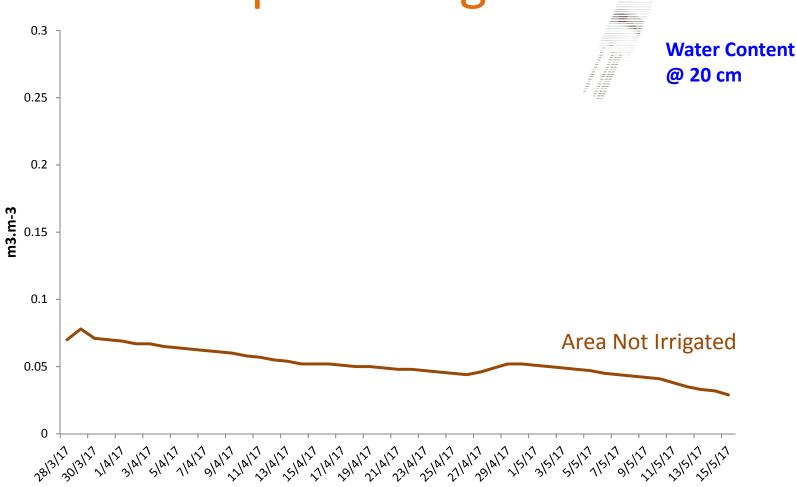
Data courtesy of http://www.buxton-weather.co.uk/weather.htm







# **April Drought**



Soil water data from the 2016-2017 PxG Drought Trial In the 2015-2016 trial soil was waterlogged until early May!







- Paragon x Garcia (PxG) RIL population produced within WGIN to specifically target UK drought
- Paragon is a UK spring wheat
- Garcia is grown in southern France and northern Spain, and therefore adapted to drought stress





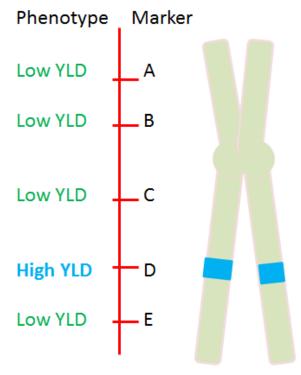




 Potentially advantageous to look for DT characteristics in non-UK wheat varieties from hot dry areas, such as Garcia

 Phenotype data + marker data from this population should allow identification of specific chromosome regions from Garcia

carrying DT genes (= QTL mapping)









- Precise genetic stocks (= NILs) can then be generated from lines carrying these regions and used to validate the phenotypic effect.
- If successful these chromosome regions could be introduced into breeding programmes to improve drought-tolerance and therefore resilience, in UK wheat







- 3 x Drought Trials with 177 PxG lines
- Church Farm, Bawburgh, Norfolk

2015-2016 – no drought in April

2016-2017 - April drought

2017-2018 - ?

- 2 randomised reps each of Irrigated and Not Irrigated plots
- Multiple traits scored, measured or observations made

Date	Measured	Observations
Stage 31	Height	Awns
Booting	Yield	Ear Compactness
Ear Emergence	Specific Weight	Lodging
	TGWT	Tillering
		Waxiness
out where sufficient data		Senescence

QTL mapping carried out where sufficient data







#### **Scored Date**

 Stage 31 – only one rep scored (2017) to determine range (about three weeks)

Booting and Ear Emergence

2016: average similar in both NI and IR reps

2017: average about 1 week earlier in NI reps







#### Measured

Height (HT)

2016: average similar in both NI and IR reps

2017: plants in NI plots significantly shorter

- Yield (YLD)
- Specific Weight (SW) and TGWT

2016 values higher than 2017

NI values higher than IR – unexpected!





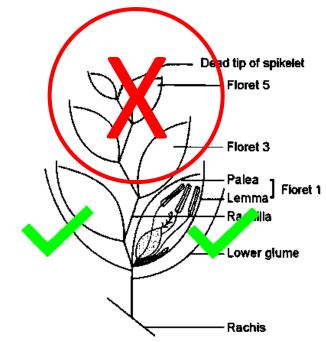


 In NI plots drought causes some of the florets to abort -> lower grain number

Remaining grain can compensate,
 becoming larger and heavier
 -> increasing TGWT?

 May be more uniform in size so better packing -> increased SW?

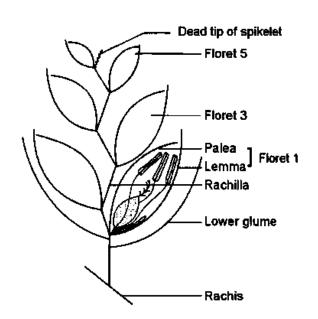








- In IR plots more florets develop
  - -> higher grain number
- Late drought reduces grain filling
   -> lower TGWT?



- The IR seed may be a mixture of sizes which do not pack well -> lower SW?
- But grain size and density not indication of quality!







#### Observations made on whole or part of plots

Contributing to drought tolerance or consequence of drought?

Phenotype	Observations
Awns	Increased awn
	length in NI plots
Ear Compactness	
Lodging	
Tillering	
Waxiness	
Senescence	









#### Observations made on whole or part of plots

Contributing to drought tolerance or consequence of drought?

Phenotype	Observations
Awns	Increased awn
AWIIS	length in NI plots
	Increased ear
Ear Compactness	compactness in NI
	plots
Lodging	More lodging in IR
Louging	plots
Tillering	
Waxiness	
Senescence	





Departmen

Food & Rural Affairs

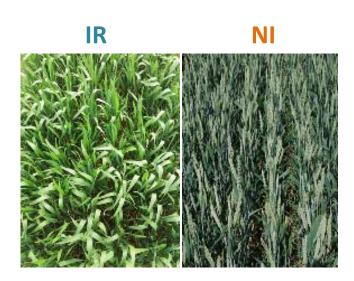


# Drought-tolerant characteristics

#### Observations made on whole or part of plots

Contributing to drought tolerance or consequence of drought?

Phenotype	Observations
Awns	Increased awn
AWIIS	length in NI plots
	Increased ear
Ear Compactness	compactness in NI
	plots
Lodging	More lodging in IR
Lodging	plots
Tilloring	Decreased tillering
Tillering	in NI plots
Mayinoss	Increased waxiness
Waxiness	in NI plots
Sanassansa	Faster senescence in
Senescence	NI plots







Regular UAV\* imaging (S. Orford)



11/05/2017
Poor canopy in NI area

01/06/2017

More waxiness in NI area

30/06/2017
Earlier senescence in NI area









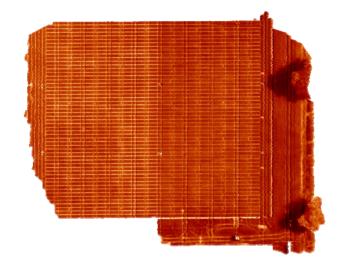
Rothamsted Research Thermal imaging 25<sup>th</sup> May 2017



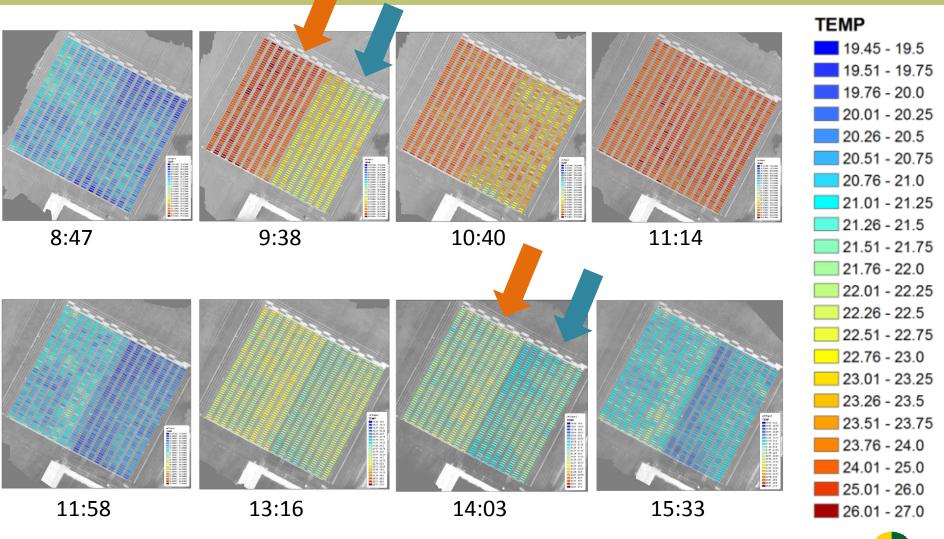
- Drought Trial ideal experiment to test and help develop their thermal imaging hardware and software
- Eight flights yielding thermal data







## Results



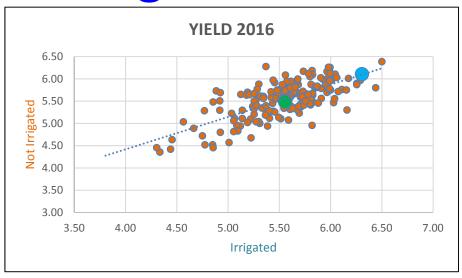
Irrigated area heats up more slowly...

... then cools faster than the Not Irrigated area.



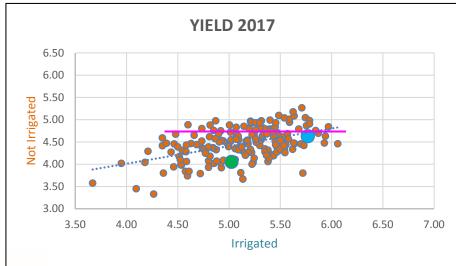






Same yield for Paragon in NI and IR plots Slightly higher yield for Garcia in IR plots

Garcia one of highest yielding lines



Yields at least 1.5 kg lower than 2016

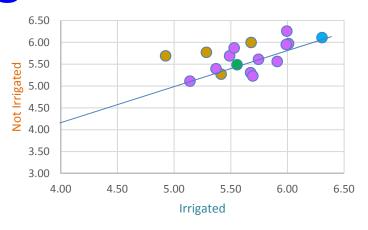
20% yield reduction for Paragon and Garcia between the IR and NI plots

Many lines performing better than Garcia in NI

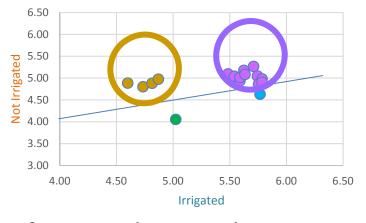








2016
No April drought



2017 April drought

Selected lines performing better than Garcia under drought conditions

Lines have highest yield in NI compared to IR

Lines have higher yield than Garcia in NI







- Lines carry Garcia allele () for a TGWT QTL on 4D (=Rht)
- Has smaller grains but can produce more grains under drought conditions than other lines?
- Lines carry the Garcia allele (Î) for a HT, YLD and SW QTL on 1A
- 14/15 lines carry the Garcia allele (†) for YLD QTL on 2B (not *Ppd*)
- Possible gene candidate for this QTL?
- 12/15 lines carry the Garcia allele (1) for SW QTL on 7D





### **Future Work**

- Third year of drought trial
- Use of "Rain-out" shelters
- Nominate Garcia alleles for inclusion in DFW Prebreeding Toolkit
- Providing markers for selection of these alleles in breeding
- Selected PxG lines for Breeders to test
- Exploring drought-tolerance in other populations







## Summary

- There was significant drought in April 2017, during the start of stem extension
- Clear phenotypic differences were observed between lines grown in the IR and NI plots
- QTL mapping has identified chromosome regions from Garcia which may contribute to drought tolerance







# Resources and Technology

#### HAVE YOU HEARD ABOUT THE PARAGON LIBRARY?

WGIN has been part of an informal consortium developing NILs in the genetic background of the UK spring wheat Paragon. The collection, known as the Paragon Library, was developed at JIC and consists of around 350 lines.

The project involves crossing different combinations of genes, QTLs and mutations into the common background of Paragon and then studying the phenotypic effects. This uniform genetic background this will provide a unique insight into the potential value of these genetic effects for UK breeding and agriculture. Most of the effects were discovered in work funded by DEFRA, the BBSRC and AHDB and represent hundreds of person-years' of research.

Most of the Paragon Library has already been trialled in 1 m and 6 m plots for the duration of WGIN. Phenotypic data from these trials (phenotypes underlying grain yield and crop adaptation) should become available on the WGIN website from spring 2018.

The Paragon Library will be genotyped on the Axiom 35k Breeders' Array shortly and seed from the genotyped plants will be used to generate the resource for distribution.

NILs are available for multiple alleles of: Rht-D1, Rht-B1, Rht8, Ppd-B1 Ppd-D1, Lr19, 1BL.1RS and 7B (yield), 10 Heading Date QTL, Vrn1, Vrn3, grain size (5A, 7A), and selected WGIN mutants, such as EMS.

Clare Lister and Simon Griffiths











#### A REALLY USEFUL FIELD SCORING APP!

One of WGIN's remits is to explore and disseminate new technology. KDSmart is part of the "KDDart" platform from DArT. However the app can also be used in standalone mode for the collection of field data and is recommended by CIMMYT

http://www.cimmyt.org/

**KDSmart** can be downloaded **free** from **Google Playstore** onto an **Android** device. There are several demo trials to practice with (recommended!).

There is very detailed information available on how to use the app and they are responsive to feedback.

<a href="http://www.kddart.org/kdsmart.html">http://www.kddart.org/kdsmart.html</a>
<a href="http://www.kddart.org/help/kdsmart/index.html">http://www.kddart.org/help/kdsmart/index.html</a>

We used KDSmart for scoring the Paragon x Garcia
Drought Trial at JIC this year and were very impressed
with it's user-friendliness and performance.
We therefore feel confident in recommending it
to farmers, breeders and researchers.

Give it a try, it's free after all!

Clare Lister and Simon Griffiths



\*Disclaimer: JIC has no commercial arrangement with Diversity Arrays Technology (DArT)









# And finally... Publicity! **Eastern Daily Press**

# John Innes Centre trial aims to find wheat which can resist spring droughts

Chris Hill chris.hill@archant.co.uk @ChrisHill75 PUBLISHED: 17:00 18 May 2017 | UPDATED: 17:00 18 May 2017



